

# Greenplum 助力科学计算

马丽丽 2017.8.23

# Outline

Greenplum Architecture

Greenplum supports Data Science

Data Science Bundle for Python & R

When PL meets container

Q&A

# About Pivotal

Founded April 2013

2000+ Employees | 1000+ Customers

Spun out from EMC & VMware

## Big Data



Pivotal  
Big Data Suite

- Data Warehouse, SQL-on-Hadoop and In-Memory Data Grid

## Cloud



Pivotal  
Cloud Foundry

- Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) software with multi-cloud support

## Agile Development



Pivotal Labs

- World-class application development services

# Pivotal Big Data Suite (BDS)

## Pivotal Big Data Suite Open Source data management portfolio



### PIVOTAL GREENPLUM DATABASE

Data warehouse based on  
open source Greenplum  
Database



### PIVOTAL HDB

Advanced analytic SQL  
database for Hadoop, based  
on open source Apache  
HAWQ



### PIVOTAL GEMFIRE

High-performance in-  
memory data grid based on  
Apache Geode

Complete Data platform



Based on open source



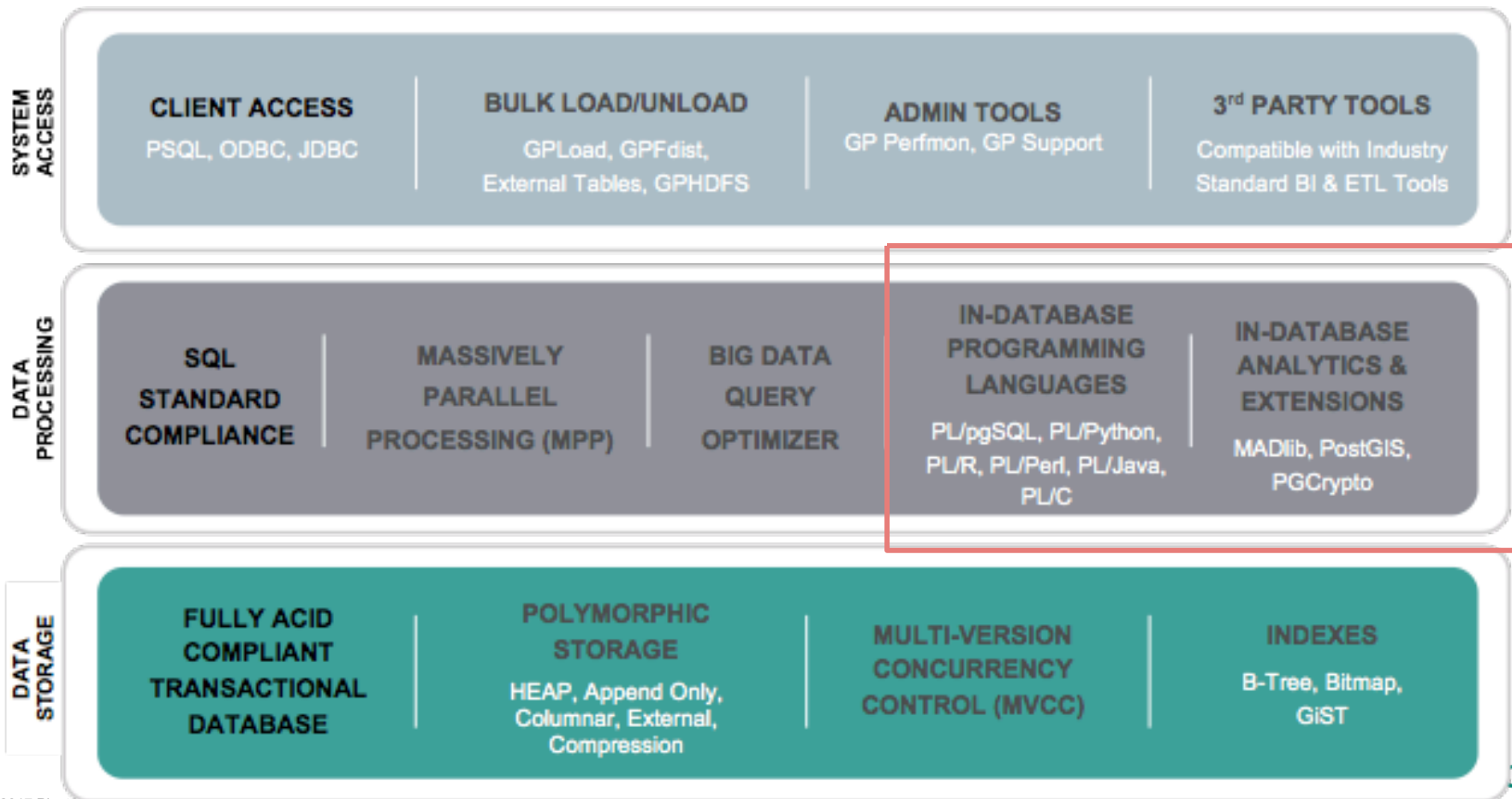
Flexible licensing



Advanced data services



# Greenplum Architecture



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# Greenplum Support on Data Science

- Apache™ MADlib® (incubating)
- GPText
- PL/Python
- PL/R

# Apache MADlib: In-Database Machine Learning



- **Apache™ MADlib® (incubating)** is an open-source library for scalable in-database analytics
- Provides parallel implementations of mathematical, statistical and machine learning methods for structured and unstructured data
- Supports Apache HAWQ, Greenplum Database and Postgres
- Analytics on all data in-database, without sampling (produces more accurate results, less effort)

<http://madlib.incubator.apache.org>



# MADlib: SQL-Based Machine Learning

Train a model

```
SELECT madlib.linregr_train('houses',
                           'houses_out',
                           'price',
                           'ARRAY[1, tax, bath, size]',
                           'bedroom'
                           )
```

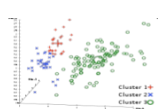
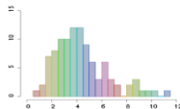
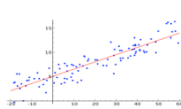
- Input table
- Output table
- Variable to predict
- Features in data
- Group data to create multiple models

Predict for new data

```
SELECT houses.*,
       madlib.linregr_predict(ARRAY[1, tax, bath, size],
                             model.coef) as predict
FROM houses_test, houses_out as model;
```

- Use same features
- Combine test data and model table

# MADlib Functions



## Generalized Linear Models

- Linear Regression
- Logistic Regression
- Multinomial Logistic Regression
- Ordinal Regression
- Cox Proportional Hazards Regression
- Elastic Net Regularization
- Robust Variance (Huber-White), Clustered Variance, Marginal Effects

## Matrix Factorization

- Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)
- Low Rank

## Linear Systems

- Sparse and Dense Solvers
- Linear Algebra

## Other Machine Learning Algorithms

- Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
- Association Rules (Apriori)
- Topic Modeling (Parallel LDA)
- Decision Trees
- Random Forest
- Support Vector Machines
- Conditional Random Field (CRF)
- Clustering (K-means)
- Cross Validation
- Naïve Bayes
- Support Vector Machines (SVM)

## Time Series

- ARIMA

## Path Functions

- Operations on Pattern Matches

## Descriptive Statistics

### Sketch-Based Estimators

- CountMin (Cormode-Muth.)
- FM (Flajolet-Martin)
- MFV (Most Frequent Values)

### Correlation and Covariance

### Summary

## Inferential Statistics

### Hypothesis Tests

## Utility Modules

- Array and Matrix Operations
- Sparse Vectors
- Random Sampling
- Probability Functions
- Data Preparation
- PMML Export
- Conjugate Gradient
- Stemming

# GPText

- **Combine with Solr**
- **Provide solid text analysis and index function**
- **Computing distributed in segment, can be run simultaneously**
- **Combine SQL and text analysis together**

# Procedural Language: PL/Python

- *CREATE TABLE sales (id int, year int, qtr int, day int, region text) DISTRIBUTED BY (id) ;  
INSERT INTO sales VALUES  
(1, 2014, 1,1, 'usa'),  
(2, 2002, 2,2, 'europe'),  
(3, 2014, 3,3, 'asia'),  
(4, 2014, 4,4, 'usa'),  
(5, 2014, 1,5, 'europe'),  
(6, 2014, 2,6, 'asia'),  
(7, 2002, 3,7, 'usa') ;*
- *CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION mypytest(a integer)  
RETURNS text  
AS \$\$  
rv = plpy.execute("SELECT \* FROM sales ORDER BY id", 5)  
region = rv[a]["region"]  
return region  
\$\$ language plpythonu;*
- *SELECT mypytest(2) ;*

# Procedural Language: PL/R

- *CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION r\_norm(n integer, mean float8, std\_dev float8) RETURNS float8[ ] AS*  
\$\$  
  *x<-rnorm(n,mean,std\_dev)*  
  *return(x)*  
\$\$  
*LANGUAGE 'plr';*
  
- *CREATE TABLE test\_norm\_var*  
*AS SELECT id, r\_norm(10,0,1) as x*  
*FROM (SELECT generate\_series(1,30:: bigint) AS ID) foo*  
*DISTRIBUTED BY (id);*

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# Procedural Language -- Pain Point

- Need install third-party Python/R binaries before using
- Unsecure Execution Environment for Python and R
  - Normal user does not have ability to create function in untrusted language
  - Function failure may cause postgres process restart

# Data Science Bundle for Python

Module Name	Description/Used For
Beautiful Soup	Navigating HTML and XML
Gensim	Topic modeling and document indexing
Keras	Deep learning
Lifelines	Survival analysis
lxml	XML and HTML processing
NLTK	Natural language toolkit
NumPy	Scientific computing
Pandas	Data analysis
Pattern-en	Part-of-speech tagging
pyLDAvis	Interactive topic model visualization
PyMC3	Statistical modeling and probabilistic machine learning
scikit-learn	Machine learning data mining and analysis
SciPy	Scientific computing
spaCy	Large scale natural language processing
StatsModels	Statistical modeling
Tensorflow	Numerical computation using data flow graphs
XGBoost	Gradient boosting, classifying, ranking



# Data Science Bundle for R

abind	gplots	quantreg
adabag	gtable	R2jags
arm	gtools	R6
assertthat	hclust	randomForest
BH	hms	RColorBrewer
bitops	igraph	Rcpp
car	labeling	RcppEigen
caret	lattice	readr
caTools	lazyeval	reshape2
coda	lme4	rjags
colorspace	lmtree	RobustRankAggreg
curl	magrittr	ROCR
data.table	MASS	rpart
DBI	Matrix	RPostgreSQL
dichromat	MCMCPack	sandwich
digest	minqa	scales
dplyr	mts	SparseM
e1071	munsell	stringi
forecast	neuralnet	stringr
foreign	nloptr	survival
gdata	nnet	tibble
ggplot2	pbrktest	tseries
glmnet	plyr	zoo

# Case: GP + Tensorflow for Linear Regression

- Table:

T

Two columns: col1 & col2

Linear dependency:  $\text{col2} = w * \text{col1} + b$

- We want to infer the relationship between the two columns

*Select tfTrain(agg\_train(col1),  
agg\_train(col2)) from test;*

col1	col2
1	0.4
2	0.5
5	0.8
...	...

# UDA Part

```
create function sfunc_train(state float[], a float)
returns float[] as
$$
state.append(a)
return state
$$ language plpythonu;
```

```
create aggregate agg_train(float)
(
sfunc=sfunc_train,
stype=float[],
initcond='{}'
)
```

```
create function tfTrain(x_data float[], y_data float[])
returns numeric[] as
$$
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
```

```
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_uniform([1], -1.0, 1.0))
b = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([1]))
```

```
y = W * x_data + b
```

```
loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(y - y_data))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.5)
train = optimizer.minimize(loss)
```

```
init = tf.initialize_all_variables()
sess = tf.Session()
sess.run(init)
```

```
for step in range(201):
```

```
    sess.run(train)
```

```
return np.append(sess.run(W)[0], sess.run(b)[0])
```

```
$$ language plpythonu;
```

# TF Part

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# Motivation

- **Simply the process** of developing functions for python/R
- **Secure environment** for PL/Python and PL/R
  - Code in python or R should not be able to modify data files on local disk, including database file, configuration file, or directory.
  - Code in python or R should not be able to connect to local database using gpadmin from localhost.
- **Isolation. Independent execution**
  - Failure in PL does not affect running QE process and postmaster process.
  - PL running does not change share memory of QE process.
- **Flexibility.** Users have the **flexibility to configure** their own running environment, for example, python version
- **Performance.** Performance should not be impacted so much

# Goal

- Implement a secure execution environment, normal user can create their own Python/R function
- Function run on same host as QE, or dedicated computing environment
- Function running failure does not affect other processes on segment postgres
- Performance controlled in 2X times slow-down compared with untrusted language
- Container lifecycle consistent with QE
- Basic debug information can be gathered from container

# Container Benefits

- Independent Namespace
- Isolated Execution Environment
- Controllable Resource Occupation
- Easy to scale

# Usage

- Install & Configure
  - Embedded in GPDB new binaries
  - Supporting Docker Image: Pivotal provided & User self-defined
  - Single Script for configuring
    - User just need have docker environment in GPDB cluster
    - One simple script including following functions:
      - `plcontainer image --install $imageFile $hostFile` installing images
      - `plcontainer image --configure $ImageName $ImageFile` configuring images to Language recognizable format



# Usage - cont.

- Create language

```
Create LANGUAGE plcontainer;
```

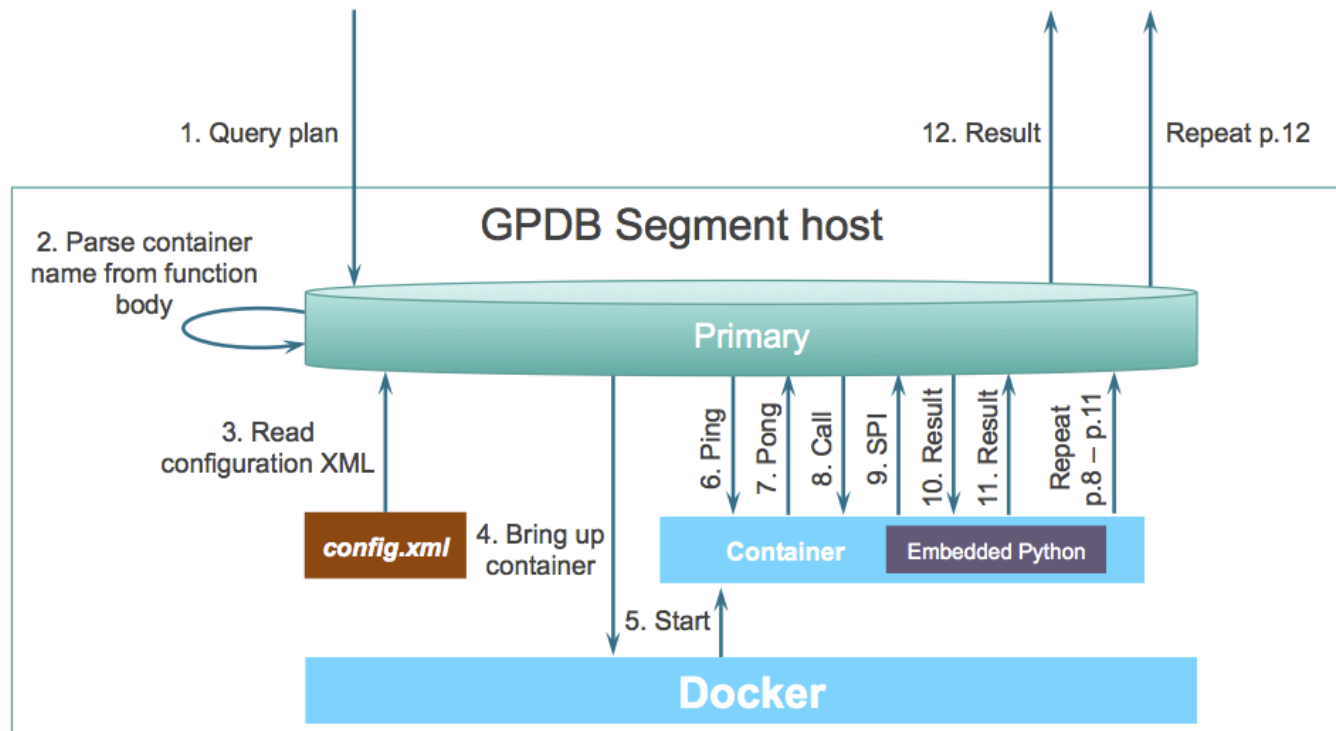
- Create function

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION pylog10() RETURNS double precision AS $$  
# container: plc_python  
import math  
return math.log10(100)  
$$ LANGUAGE plcontainer;
```

- Execute Function

```
Select pylog(100);
```

# Architecture & Flow



# Future

- Function run not bundled with QE
- More mechanism for secure environment support, i.g, Garden, separate process
- Contribute back to Postgres community

# We're Hiring

- We're hiring Product Manager
- Please contact [sgao@pivotal.io](mailto:sgao@pivotal.io)

# Q&A

# Pivotal®